Numb. 442.

THE Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

From May 26. to June 2. 1737.

PETERSBURGH, January 8.

YESTERDAY a Courier arrived at Court with the following Particulars of the Advantages lately gain'd by Donduck Ombo, Cham of the Calmucks, over the Cuban Tartars, Tributary to the Porte.

'Donduck Ombo having received Orders from the Empress of Russia to make a new Expedition into the Cuban, assembled all his Troops for that Purpose, and was join'd the 30th of Nov. by the Don Cossacks, under the Command of the Starschias Krasnoschoknow and Jesremow. The same Day a Prisoner was brought in, from whom they learn'd that the Cuban Tartars, particularly the Horde of Etiskuli, one of the most powerful of the Country, as being able to bring 20,000 fighting Men into the Field, had left the Mountains and were gone to grase their Cattle on this Side of the River Cuban, and to be under cover from Insult, had entrench'd themselves within very strong Lines with Redoubts at proper Distances. Upon this Intelligence, Donduck Ombo detach'd a Part of the Cossacks to go and reconnoitre them, but that Party did much more; in the Night they attack'd one of their Posts, which was guarded by several Huudred Men deeply entrench'd; nevertheless the Cossacks forc'd them after an obstinate and bloody Resistance, and then fell upon their Main Body, where they kill'd four Tartar Mursers, or Commanders, and sav'd the Life of the fifth, in order to make proper Discoveries by him. Upon the Return of that Detachment, Donduck divided his Army into several Bodies, and attack'd the Enemy in several Places at once: He over-ran all the Country on this Side of the Cuban, from Clanckeczow to the Sea of Asoph, defeating and routing the Tartars in every Place where he met them; so that the Horde of the Etiskuli is entirely extirpated. The Cossacks and Calmucks have also plunder'd and destroy'd all the Villages, Towns and Habitations, which are more numerous on the Banks of the Cuban than in any other Part of the Country. At last they march'd to Kapyl a large well wall'd Town, and the Residence of Sultan Babhtigery, Cham of the Cuban Tartars, which they plunder'd and then reduc'd to a Heap of Rubbish. The Booty they took is almost incredible; and all this was done from the 7th to the 14th of December. Every Tartar that was found in Arms died for it, either by the Sword or the River. Ten thousand Women and Children were made Prisoners, and double that Number threw themselves into the Cuban, where they were drowned. It was not possible when the Express came away to know the precise Number of the kill'd, the Enemy having been attacked in so many Places at once, but by all Appearance that Number is very great. The Calmucks had for their Share of the Plunder every thing they took from the Enemy, whose Loss amounts to above 20,000 Horses besides black and white Cattle, the greatest Part of the Cows and Sheep of the whole Country having been brought to those Places in which the Tartars were attack'd; and the Booty in those Articles is so considerable that the Calmucks never remember the like. The Booty has been sent home to the Countries of the Cossacks and Calmucks, and Donduck Ombo remained with his Army on the Banks of the Cuban, designing as soon as that River should be frozen over and passable, to go and make as great a Ravage and Destruction on the other Side of it as he has done on this, and extirpate the whole Race of Cuban Tartars.

London, Jan. 1. They write from Paris, that great Ravages are committed by a Gang whose Leader is called the Nocturnal Prince, every Night in the Streets of that City. Several of these Banditti have been already apprehended, who declare the whole Number to be above 300. About three Weeks ago they robbed a Valet de Chambre, who had just been to receive 4000 Livres for his Master, and left him almost naked. The Fellow being afraid to go home to his Master, went and inform'd an Officer of the Robbery, who made such diligent Search that before the next Day he apprehended the Robbers with the Money upon them. They say, that some young Fellows of good Families, who are abandon'd Rakes, have listed themselves under the *Prince of the Night*. The Villains of this Band have as they threaten'd murder'd several People who appear'd in the Streets in the Night without Money or Jewels about them. M. Herault, Lieutenant General of the Police, has not only doubled the Horse and Foot Watch, but has caused all the ready furnish'd Lodgings to be search'd, both in the City and Suburbs, and taken up a great many idle Persons of both Sexes, who have no means of Subsistance, but Sharping and Tricking, among whom several have been discovered to be of the *Nocturnal Crew*. The said Magistrate, for preventing the Mischiefs and Outrages usually committed in the Christmas Holidays, thought fit to publish an Order for all Vintners, Victuallers, Cooks, Keepers of Ordinaries, Limonade Houses, &c. not to keep their Shops open, or sell any thing after Eight a Clock at Night, on Penalty of a Fine.

Warsaw, Feb. 9. The Crown General has wrote to the Primate, to let him know that an Envoy extraordinary was set out from Constantinople, with a particular Commission to the Republick, and that in the mean time he had plac'd a sufficient Number of Troops on the Frontiers, to defend them from all Manner of Insult. The Primate adds that, not to give Umbrage to the Turks, he also dispatch'd Expresses to the Seraskiers of the Budziack and Bender, to assure them that the Republick still persisted in the Design to continue in perfect Understanding with the Ottoman Porte, conformable to the Resolution in the last General Diet of the Kingdom; that the Precautions thought necessary to be taken, in furnishing the Frontiers with a sufficient Number of Troops, were only with a View to prevent the Incursions of the Haimadakees and other Vagabonds; and that therefore he flatter'd himself that they, the Seraskiers, would on their Side keep the Tartars, and other Troops within Bounds, and hinder them from passing over the Limits of the Polish Territories;

Territories, ſo as not to infringe the Treaty of Carlowitz, which the Republick was religiouſly reſolv'd to obſerve. The Crown General further informs the Primate, that he had likewiſe ſent a Courier to General Keith, who commands in the Ukraine, deſiring him to thank Count Munich for his Aſſurances he had given before he left the Army, that the Ruſſians ſhould not paſs the Frontiers; and to inform his Excellency that at his Requeſt, he, the Crown General, had ſent back ſeveral Coſſacks of Sieczau, who had been taken Priſoners by the Haimadakees. We have receiv'd a great deal of Corn from Lithuania, but not ſufficient to anſwer the Scarcity we labour under, ſo that Proviſions are ſtill at an exceſſive Price. Sultan Iſlam Giercy, Seraſkier of the Budziack Tartars, and the Seraskier of Bender, have anſwer'd the Crown General's Letters, and aſſur'd him that they equally wiſh to keep up a good Neighbourhood and Correſpondence with the Republick, and that they would forbid, under rigorous Penalties, the Tartars and Turks under their Command to make any Inroad into the Territories of Poland.

Petersburg, Feb. 5. Gount Munich ſet out the Day before yeſterday for the Army. The ſame Day the Czarina made a Promotion of General Officers. Schah Naydar, the Sophy of Perſia, has not only aſſured the Czarina, that he would not conſent to a Peace with the Turks, unleſs Ruſſia be included therein, but has even ſent a Plan for joining the Ruſſian and Perſian Troops, and attacking the Turks on the Side of Georgia.

Hanover, Feb. 18. There has lately paſs'd thro this City, an Officer whom the Prince of Orange is ſending to Stockholm, to execute an important Commiſſion with the King of Sweden.

Hambourg, Feb. 19. Letters from Stockholm aſſure us, that the Treaty which was negotiating between the Emperor and the King of Sweden, for 6000 Heſſian Troops to be taken into his Imperial Majeſty's Pay, was lately concluded and ſign'd.

Paris, Feb. 23. On the 20th Inſtant the Gount de Maurepas, Secretary of State, went by the King's Orders to the Sieur Chauvelin's, Keeper of the Seals of France, and Miniſter and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to demand the Seals to be deliver'd up, and afterwards carry'd them to his Majeſty.

And the ſame Day the King gave them to the Sieur Dagueſſeau, Chancellor of France.

On the 17th the Court receiv'd an Expreſs from the Marſhal du Bourg, with Advice, that after having raiſed the new Works at Fort Kehl and Philipsburgh, he deliver'd up thoſe Places on the 8th Inſtant to the Imperialiſts.

LONDON.

Feb. 17. On Monday Night was interr'd at Allhallows, London Wall, the Corpſe of Mr. Ellis, a Free-Maſon, belonging to the Lodge at the Antwerp Tavern behind the Royal Exchange. The whole Society attended with all their Maſonry Formalities, which made a very entertaining Sight. The like Ceremony has not been perform'd for twenty Years.

We hear from Cantham, that a certain noted Lawyer near that Town ſuſpecting too great a Familiarity between his Wife and a Batchelor in the neighbourhood, in order to diſcover their Amour, privately convey'd himſelf into a Cloſet in his Wife's Room; where he had not remain'd long before the Gallant came, undreſs'd himſelf, and jump'd into Bed to Madam: The Husband hereupon ſteps out of the Cloſet, gathers up the Spark's Clothes, locks the Chamber Door, and goes down Stairs to call in a Neighbour to be Witneſs, whom he had before appriz'd of his Suſpicion. They then agreed to keep the young Gentleman confin'd an Hour; and before they releas'd him, inſiſted that he ſhould ſign a Bond of Forty Pounds, as a Reparation for the Treſpaſs, which he conſented to, on Condition that they gave him a Contra Note for the like Sum, if ever they diſcover'd any Thing of the Matter. The Affair however has taken Wind, and whether the Bond be valid thereupon, we ſhall leave to the Judgment of the Husband's Brethren well learn'd in the Law.

To the Author *of the* Daily-Poſt *of* February 18. 1736,7.

SIR,

YOU very rightly remark'd, that the French Reaſons for prohibiting the talking of Politicks during the late War, was not to inſlave the People, but to hinder them from giving to their Neighbours the Alarm of what they were doing.

Louis XIV. ſtrove to gain univerſal Monarchy by Force of Arms; all Europe join'd againſt him, for his Deſigns were too apparent to ſucceed; I'm afraid they are not laid aſide, tho' perhaps they may be better conceal'd, and conſequently more dangerous.

The French now attempt univerſal Trade, and turn their Care to the increaſing Plantations. In Africa they have monopoliz'd the Gum, incroach'd upon the Engliſh Settlements in Gambia, and outbid them in the Slave Trade. In the Eaſt-Indies they have increas'd, beyond Imagination. In America they have encourag'd their Sugar Iſlands, ſo as almoſt to ruin ours. They have a great Settlement in South America, which incroaches upon the Dutch and Spaniards. In North America they ſeem to purſue the Scheme of Louis XIV. for uniting their Colonies from Canada to the Bay of Mexico, thereby ſurrounding the Engliſh, that they may, in Caſe of a War, render themſelves capable of maſtering all our Plantations.

They poſſeſs Cape Briton in the Mouth of the River Canada, which they have fortify'd very ſtrongly; they have open'd a Communication from Quebec to the Lakes which lie behind New York; upon the Land round thoſe Lakes, which is very fertile, and half way between the Mouth of the River Miſſiſſippi and Canada, they have made very conſiderable Settlements in a Province which they call Hanouſe, there is a vaſt Country clear'd and cultivated by them in the ſame Manner as in France; their chief Commodity is Wheat and Lead, of the latter of which they have rich Mines; by this they carry on the Trade with the Indians to great Advantage, which has enabled them ſo to increaſe their Improvements, as I have been inform'd by one who was there ſome Years, that they have in the Province of the Hanoiſe three fine Towns, the Houſes built of Stone, and inhabited by above 16000 Whites.

They have ſuch plenty of Flower, that tho' they ſupply the Garriſons of Miſſiſſippi with it, the Plenty now makes it a Drug: They are therefore labouring to procure an Exportation, by removing thoſe Indians who make the Navigation of the Miſſiſſippi River precarious. If the Chickeſaws who inhabit along that River are deſtroyed or remov'd, they may ſend their Flower by an eaſy Navigation down the Stream to New Orleans, and from thence furniſh Hiſpaniola; and their other Sugar Plantations, cheaper with it; than the Engliſh can their Sugar Iſlands.

Above New Orleans, and upon the Red River, the French go now on Tobacco, in which their King gives great Encouragement; as alſo to getting Lumber ſaw'd, by the latter of which they aſſort their Cargoes of Flower to Hiſpaniola. His moſt Chriſtian Majeſty had theſe Coaſts thorougly ſurvey'd by Men of War, and Maps made of them, ſo that the Navigation, which was at firſt very dangerous, is now become ſafe and eaſy: They have alſo enlarg'd their Settlements Weſtward aud Eaſtward, and have a Communication over Land with the Spaniards in New Mexico Weſtward, and Eaſtward from the Miſſiſſippi they have ſetled all up the Albanus River, and have Forts within twenty Days March of Charles-Town in South Carolina.

All theſe great Things are much to the Honour of the French Miniſtry, who have encreas'd the Power of their Country without Arms or Force, and without giving Jealouſy to their Neighbours; for the Engliſh and Dutch ſeem to be in a deep Sleep, and to know nothing of theſe things; their Ignorance chiefly proceeds from the French being prohibited ſpeaking of publick Matters, otherwiſe the talkative Humour of that Nation would have awak'd us; therefore you deſerve general Thanks for giving the Hint, which I hope mey rouze us from a ſlumber no way advantageous.

I am, Sir,

Your moſt humble Servant.

To the Author *of the* Daily Poſt. *of* Feb. 19.

SIR,

THE Comet that appears at this Time has been ſo little obſerved, as yet, by Aſtronomers, that you'll do an acceptable Piece of Service to the Learned World in publiſhing the following Letter and Account of it.

I am, Sir, your conſtant Reader,
and humble Servant, A. Z.

Melkſham

Melksham, Feb. 12. 1736.

'Eſteem'd Friend, *Edward Davis*, jun.

I beg Leave to acquaint thee, that I have obſerved a Phenomenon in the Weſt every Night ſince the 4th Inſtant, (except when Clouds prevented) which is taken by all who have ſince ſeen it to be a Comet; it is at preſent about ſix or ſeven Degrees below and nearly Weſt South Weſt of the Planet Venus; an imaginary perpendicular Line let fall from the Planet aforeſaid to the Horizon ſeems to leave the Comet two or three Degrees on the Left or South Side, the Head is very luminous, and about the Size of a Star of the ſecond Magnitude; its Tail, which is viſible to the naked Eye, ſeems to be turn'd directly from the Sun, points almoſt Eaſt South Eaſt, and appears to be about 2 and a half Degrees in length; it cannot be ſeen in the Evening till about two Hours after the Sun is ſet; the Rays of Light in our Atmoſphere, hindering the Sight of it before; laſt Night at a Quarter after Seven I obſerv'd it with a Teleſcope of four Foot and a half for about ſeven Minutes, but was prevented viewing it longer by the Interpoſition of Clouds; through ſuch a ſhort Glaſs, its Head makes only a bright confus'd Appearance, the Tail looks ſomewhat like a ſmall Stream of the Aurora Borealis: If this ſmall Account will be of any Service to thee or any Pleaſure to thy Friends in obſerving it, I ſhall be glad,

Who am, with Reſpect,

Thy aſſured Friend in Haſte, S. S.

The forgoing Letter was communicated on Monday the 14th Inſtant to Mr. James Mann, an Optical Inſtrument-Maker at Sir Iſaac Newton's Head in Ludgate-ſtreet; and the ſame Evening he had the good Fortune, together with ſeveral Gentlemen of his Acquaintance, to ſee this rare and curious Phenomenon, upon the Top of his Houſe, from 20 Minutes after Seven a Clock till Eight, and this we believe was the firſt Time it was obſerv'd in London. The Comet was eaſily diſtinguiſh'd by the naked Eye, its Appearance and Situation were much the ſame as the Letter deſcribes, ſave that the Whole, both Head and Tail were comprehended within the Field of a four Foot Teleſcope, which took in about the Space of one Degree; through a Foot reflecting Teleſcope it appear'd very diſtinct; and ſuch Gentlemen as are curious may have an Opportunity of viewing this uncommon Sight, any Evening when it is clear at the ſaid Mr. Mann's Houſe, the Top of which is well ſuited for an Obſervatory, and furniſh'd with Teleſcopes fit for the Purpoſe.

London, Feb. 22. *Extract of a Letter from Vienna, dated February* 13.

It is is certain that the Duke of Berwick is expected here from Naples with a Commiſſion from the King of the two Sicilies. We have ſeiz'd in this City a Raſcian, or Sclavonian, who is accus'd of holding Correſpondence with the Turks againſt the State. We have alſo Advice that the Baſhaw of Choczim, ſuſpecting the Hoſpodar of Walachia's Fidelity to the Porte, gave Orders for ſeizing him; but that Prince having received timely Notice of them retir'd with all his Family and his beſt Effects into Tranſilvania, where he has put himſelf under the Emperor's Protection. We are aſſur'd, that the Imperial Court has propos'd to the Nobility of Hungary, to deliver in Troops or Money the Contingent of 30,000 Men, which by Antient Cuſtom they are oblig'd to furniſh in a War againſt the Turks: And it is added that the Nobility anſwer'd, that though their Duty and the Laws of the Kingdom did not oblige them to furniſh that Contingent but when the King of Hungary commanded his Army in Perſon, nevertheleſs, as the Cares attach'd to the Dignity of Head of the Empire, hinder'd his Imperial Majeſty to put himſelf at the Head of his Troops, they would nevertheleſs furniſh thoſe 30,000 Men, if his Majeſty would be pleas'd to give the Command of his Army to the Duke of Lorrain, in Quality of Vice-Roy of Hungary. It is alſo ſaid that Propoſal has already been made to that Prince, in the Name of the Nobility of the Kingdom, to which his Royal Highneſs anſwer'd, that the Thing would be highly agreeable to him, but that it depended entirely on the Emperor. As to Prince Charles of Lorrain, it is decided that he ſhall make the next Campaign in Hungary, and, a magnificent Equipage is accordingly preparing for him. As notwithſtanding the Nomination of three Plenipotentiaries by the Porte, the Turks are carrying on their Warlike Preparations with the ſame Vigour as before; and as we have often had Experience that their pacifick Appearance conceal'd the moſt inveterate Diſpoſitions to a Rupture, the Court is alſo preparing on her ſide for opening the Campaign; The Levies for both Foot and Horſe are now carrying on with great Briskneſs in the Empire as well as the Hereditary Countries, and Orders have even been ſent to Major-General Leſner, who is in the Circle of the Upper Rhine, to enliſt all the Soldiers diſcharg'd by France, that ſhall come into the Empire to look for Service. Some Infantry is alſo expected in Hungary from the Briſgaw. Our laſt Letters concerning Baron Dahlman's Negotiation, ſay the Grand Vizir takes no Manner of Reſolution on any important Affairs, until he has firſt conſulted a certain Renagado named Ibrahim-Effendi, who was formerly a Recollet Friar in Hungary, in whom the Vizir places all his Confidence. It is alſo remark'd that that Apoſtate Friar, who appears to act by Inſtigation, never ceaſes to give the Vizir Advice directly contrary to Peace.

Cuſtom-Houſe, NEW-YORK, *May* 30. *Entred inwards.*

T. Holloway and C. Cornel from Dublin, J. Ley from Newfoundland, W. Bryant from London, T Rumball from Liverpool, J. Jones from New-Providence, W. Griffith from Jamaica, D. Griffith from Coracoa, J. Meirs from Delaware, J. Millikin from Boſton.

Entred out. W. Boyd, T. Seymour, J. Hinman and G. Burch for Jamaica, A. Phenix for Barbadoes, O. Leacraft for St. Kits, T. Handlin for St. Thomas, A. Whitebank for Delaware, T. Desbrow for Boſton, J. Ley for Newfoundland, T. Holloway for Amſterdam.

Cleared. C. Cornel to R. Iſland, T. Desbrow to Boſton, A. Whitebank to Delaware, W. Boyd, G. Burch and T. Seymour to Jamaica, T. Purdue to Tortuga, V. Bodin to Newfoundland.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.

Sunday Night laſt arrived Capt. Hogg from Barbadoes, who ſpoke with a Sloop at Sea, that inform'd him the Spaniards had lately taken the Bay of Honduras, with all the Veſſels that were there getting Logwood. The great Ship Harle, which was here with Palatines laſt Year, commanded by Capt. Ralph Harle, fought 24 Hours under the Conduct of the ſecond Mate, (the Captain and Chief Mate being dead before) and was not taken till the ſecond Mate was kill'd. The ſaid Sloop had a few Spaniards on board, which ſhe brought away with her when ſhe made her Eſcape.

On Monday laſt the Ship Lancaſhire, Capt. Corbin Maſter, lying at Powel's Wharff, took Fire and was in great Danger; but Help being at hand, it was ſpeedily extinguiſh'd.

The ſame Day arrived Capt. Farra, who has long been given over for loſt. In his Voyage from Jamaica hither, he was caſt away in Palachee Bay within Cape Florida, among the Cannibal Indians, who were extreamly kind and aſſiſted in ſaving the Cargo, Rigging, &c. And News of the Wreck coming to Auguſtine, the Spaniards ſent Periagua's and other ſmall Veſſels round to take in what was ſav'd, and bring it to that Port; where Capt. Farra hir'd a Rhode-Iſland Sloop to bring it hither. Had this Engliſh Veſſel been forc'd aſhore on the civil, polite, hoſpitable, chriſtian, proteſtant Coaſt of Great-Britain, Query, *Might they have expected kinder Treatment from their own Countrymen*?

Yeſterday two Country Women were detected in Stealing Goods out of a Shop near the Market, and whipt at the Bell.

The ſame Day Capt. Grieves arrived from London, by whom we have Prints to the 24th of March. Sir John Norris with the Fleet under his Command is order'd home from Lisbon, the Difference between Spain and Portugal being perfectly accommodated. But a War between the Turks and the two Empires of Ruſſia and Germany ſeems inevitable; the Mediation having proved fruitleſs; and great Preparations are making on both Sides for the enſuing Campaign.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, *Entred in.*

Ship Diamond, Slater Clay, from London.
Sloop Deborah, Thomas Hogg, from Barbadoes.
----- Yarmouth, Nathaniel Freeman, from St. Auguſtine.
----- Mulberry, John Pindar, from Lisbon.
Scooner Betty, Samuel Everton, from Boſton.
Ship Tryal, William Grieves, from London.

Entred out.

Sloop Samuel and Sarah, William Boone, for Barbadoes.
Snow St. David, William Jones, for Cadiz.

Ship Lancashire, Angel Corbin, for London.
Sloop Content, Sandey Dowding, for Madeira.
Scooner Speedwell, William Weldon, for Lisbon.
Brigt. John, Nicholas Norton, for Newfoundland.

Cleared.

Scooner Judith & Rebecca, John Clark, to New-York.
Sloop Charming Molly, William Hill, to Antigua.
Brigt. Warren, Thomas Galt, to Ditto.
Sloop Maidens-Adventure, Manfield Peniston, to Bermuda.
Ship Nancy, William Wallace, to Gibraltar.
Ship William & James, John Gass, to Dublin.
Scooner Speedwell, William Weldon, to Lisbon.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION *late in the Poſſeſſion of* Samuel Lukens, *deceas'd, ſcituate in* Briſtol *Townſhip,* Philadelphia *County, about* 7 *or* 8 *Miles from the City, on* York *Road, containing* 136 *Acres, about* 80 *clear'd, ſome Meadowing, and Conveniency for much more; three large Orchards containing about* 14 *Acres, and a Dwelling Houſe. A fine Run of Water paſſes thro' the Place, and it might be made a very commodious and agreeable Seat.. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe may enquire of* Morris Morris *or* Benjamin Lay *of* Abington, *or of the Printer hereof.*

STOLEN *or Stray'd from off the Commons on the* 29th *paſt, a large white or grey Mare, about* 16 *Hands high, a natural Pacer, branded on the near Thigh* AM *the Mark not very plain unleſs nearly examin'd, a long ſwitch Tail, Main untrimm'd; had with her a yearling Horſe Colt, paces naturally, a Star in his Forehead and one white Foot behind, whoever brings them home, or gives Notice thereof, ſo that the Owner may have them again, ſhall be reaſonably rewarded by*

Philad. 4th. mo. 2. 1737. Anthony Morris.

LEFT *at a Taylor's Shop in Town, ſuppos'd to be by miſtake, a Piece of Linnen; The Owner deſcribing it to the Printer hereof, and paying the Charge of this Advertiſement, may have it again.*

To be SOLD,

BY *the Widow* Nichols *in* Third-Street, *two good Carts, two Horſes, and Gears and Traces for five.*

ALL *Perſons indebted to* Joſeph Clark, *Baker in* Second-ſtreet, *are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment, he deſigning to leave this Province between this and Auguſt next.*

To be SOLD,

A PLANTATION *lying in the Townſhip of* Cheſterfield, Burlington *County,* Weſt-New-Jerſey, *containing* 460 *Acres of good Land, well timbered, about* 180 *whereof is cleared, and under good Fence, and well improved with Clover and other Engliſh Graſs, on which is a large new Dwelling Houſe and Kitchen, the Houſe is two Story high, and hath four large Rooms on a Floor, with a large Cellar under it, all which are finiſhed off after the beſt Manner; being very commodiouſly ſcituated for the Reception of any Perſon who has a large Family: Likewiſe there is a large new Barn, big enough to hold near* 1000 *Buſhels of Grain, and great Store of new Stable Room belonging to it, with ſundry other Conveniencies; alſo* 40 *Acres of good Meadow Ground, well improved with Engliſh Graſs, and a large Quantity more may be made, with but a ſmall Charge: Likewiſe an Orchard containing between* 3 *and* 400 *Trees, all of choice Fruit, ſufficient in a bearing Year to make between* 2 *and* 300 *Barrels of Cider, the ſaid Plantation is well accommodated with Water, there being two very fine Creeks that run through it. It lyeth alſo very handy both to Mill and Market. Any Perſon or Perſons inclining to purchaſe the ſaid Plantation, may apply to* Daniel Bacon, *who lives thereon, and be inform'd as to the Price and Payment.*

For BRISTOL, directly,

The Snow PRINCE OF ORANGE,
WILLIAM DEVONSHIRE, Maſter;
Now lying at FISHBOURN's Wharffe:

WILL Sail with all poſible Expedition; For Freight or Paſſage agree with WILLIAM HELLIER, or ſaid Maſter.

To be SOLD,

A LIKELY *Negroe Man aged* 22 *Years, has had the ſmall Pox, and uſed to moſt ſorts of Country Buſineſs, inquire of* Henry Lewis *in* Haverford, Cheſter *County, or* Joſeph Grey *at the* Middle-Ferry *on* Schuylkill.

TO BE SOLD,

A LARGE new HOUSE near Dr. *Francis Naff's* in *Germantown,* the Tenements convenient for three Families, and the Cellar arched, with ſeveral Outhouſes, a great Garden, and an Orchard of an Acre and half. Whoever is enclin'd to purchaſe the ſame, may agree with *Theobald Endt,* Sadler, in *Germantown* aforeſaid.

RUN *away on the* 30th *of* May *paſt, from* Micajah How *of* Burlington, *a Servant Man named* William Forbuſh, *aged about* 20 *Years, of middle Stature, ſandy Complexion, his Hair lately cut off, by Trade a Shoemaker: Had on when he went away a felt Hat, ozenbrigs Shirt, and ozenbrigs Coat, Jacket and Breeches, linnen Stockings, with faſhionble Calfskin Shoes.*

'Tis ſuppos'd his Mother a ſhort Iriſh Woman has taken him away.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have Forty Shillings *Reward and reaſonable Charges paid, by*

Philad. June 2. 1737. Micajah How.

LOST *or Stolen from* Peter Stretch, *Watch-Maker, in* Philadelphia, *on or before the* 7th *of this Inſtant* May, *a faſhionable Silver Watch, made by* Strowd, London, *having the Graduations for the Minutes arched, and a ſmall Gold Roſe between every Hour for the half Hour, a Key and Seal, and a Black Silk String. Any Perſon that gives Notice of the ſaid Watch, ſo that the Owner may have it again, ſhall have* Forty Shillings *Reward.*

NOTICE is hereby given to all Perſons indebted to *Evan Jones,* Chymiſt, at the Golden PARACELSUS HEAD in *High-Street, Philadelphia,* that they come forthwith and pay their reſpective Debts without further Delay, or they may expect to be ſued as the Law directs.

N. B. All Perſons who are ſo unhappy to have been under the care of thoſe unskilfull in the Venereal Diſeaſe, or other Chronick Diſtemper, may, applying to the ſaid *Jones,* obtain ſpeedy relief, from a Specifick Medicine of his own preparing, which may be uſed with ſafety without Danger of Colds or other harm, as other Medicines without great Caution are ſubject to; but the ſame may be ſafely taken without loſs of time, or hindrance of Buſineſs either by Sea or Land.

RUN away on Sunday the 8th Inſt. from *Blakeſton Ingledew* of this City, Butcher, an Iriſh Servant Man named *Thomas Bagg,* aged about 30 Years, of middle ſize, well ſet, red face'd, wears his own black Hair; Had on a blue Coat, black leather Breeches; took with him a little bay Horſe, having a ſlit in one Ear, a Snip and a Star, branded TN in one Letter, on the near Shoulder; with a ruſſet Saddle and Bridle. 'Tis ſuppos'd he's gone towards *New-England.* Whoſoever ſecures the ſaid Servant ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have *Three Pounds* Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

Philad. May 30. *Blakeſton Ingledew.*

For JAMAICA *directly,*

The SHIP Dragon, Charles Hargrave *Maſter,*
Now lying at Arch-ſtreet *Wharff,*

WILL ſail in Ten Days at fartheſt from the Date hereof; having moſt of her Lading already on Board. Paſſagengers may agree with the ſaid Maſter, on board the ſaid Ship, or with *Simon Edgel,* in *Market-Street. Philadelphia, June* 2. 1737.

ALL *Perſons indebted to Doctor* Samuel Chew, *are deſired to make Payment to his Attorney* Thomas Hopkinſon, *in* Cheſnut-Street, Philadelphia.

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Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.